financial statements

Securon (Amersham) Limited

For the year ended 31 December 2011

Company registration number 00427013





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Officers and Professional Advisers

The Board of Directors Mr R A Proctor

Ms A A Proctor Mr T A Proctor Mr W D John Mr V M Adams Ms S Etienne Mr P C Gent

Company Secretary Mr T A Proctor

Registered Office Winchmore Hill

Amersham Buckinghamshire

HP7 0NZ

Auditor MHA MacIntyre Hudson

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor 31 Castle Street High Wycombe Buckinghamshire

HP13 6RU

The Directors' Report

Year ended 31 December 2011

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2011

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of the manufacture and sale of seat belts, harnesses and restraints for all types of vehicles

Development and Performance of the business during the financial year

The directors believe that the company's continued progress during the year has been satisfactory. The business has developed adding new customers and expanding the range of parts supplied to established ones. The increase in sales in new sectors has been particularly pleasing.

The continued increases in raw material costs and particularly the increases in costs for all types of fuel have meant that as expected gross margins were under pressure during the period. The directors hope that we will see some stability in these areas during the current period.

The program of investment to increase the company's manufacturing capabilities and efficiency, replace older equipment and develop new products has continued during the year. A high priority is placed upon these programs as the basis of the company's future success.

Despite the problems outlined the directors are satisfied that the company is well placed, both financially and operationally, to continue its expansion and cope with volatility in specific markets and the general economic conditions

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

Mr R A Proctor Ms A A Proctor Mr T A Proctor Mr W D John Mr V M Adams Ms S Etienne Mr P C Gent

Derivatives and other financial instruments

The company's principal financial instruments comprise bank balances, trade debtors, trade creditors and loans to the company. The purpose of these instruments is to provide finance for the company's operations.

Credit risk

Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by policies controlling the credit offered to customers and the regular monitoring of amounts outstanding for both time and credit limits. When possible the company insures all overseas debts

The Directors' Report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

Liquidity and cash flow risk

The directors aim to mitigate liquidity risk by managing cash generation from the company operations. Particular emphasis is placed upon the timely collection of trade debtors. The company has maintained healthy cash balances during the period and the directors believe that the systems in place will maintain that position. The directors do not foresee any requirement to seek finance from other sources.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally. Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

Auditor

MHA MacIntyre Hudson are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

The Directors' Report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

Registered office Winchmore Hill Amersham Buckinghamshire HP7 0NZ

Signed on behalf of the directors

Director

Approved by the directors on 25th September

2012

Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Securon (Amersham) Limited

Year ended 31 December 2011

We have audited the financial statements of Securon (Amersham) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Accounting Policies and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities)

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and international Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Securon (Amersham) Limited (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report

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KATHARINE ARNOTT ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of MHA MACINTYRE HUDSON Statutory Auditor & Chartered Accountants

31 Castle Street High Wycombe Buckinghamshire HP13 6RU

25 September 2012

Profit and Loss Account

	Note	2011 £	2010 £
Turnover		2,251,213	2,152,627
Cost of sales		1,080,182	926,778
Gross profit		1,171,031	1,225,849
Administrative expenses		857,881	938,515
Operating profit, being profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1	313,150	287,334
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	96,295	63,726
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation, being profit for the financial year		£216,855	£223,608

Balance Sheet

31 December 2011

		2011		2010
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	4		343,426	273,358
Current assets Stocks		1,473,950		911,076
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5	1,408,848 763,109		2,008,362 437,038
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	3,645,907 740,562		3,356,476 597,918
Net current assets			2,905,345	2,758,558
Total assets less current liabilities			£3,248,771	£3,031,916
Capital and reserves Called-up equity share capital Profit and loss account	11 12		5,324 3,243,447	5,324 3,026,592
Shareholders' funds			£3,248,771	£3,031,916

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 25th September 2012, and are signed on their behalf by

Mr W D John Director Ms A A Proctor Director

Accounting Policies

Year ended 31 December 2011

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced and receivable during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, net of anticipated disposal proceeds, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant and machinery

20% on cost and 15% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles

25% on reducing balance

Computer and office equipment

33 3% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Accounting Policies (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2011

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1.	Operating profit Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Staff pension contributions Depreciation of owned fixed assets	108,364	2,000 75,875
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets Auditor's fees Net profit on foreign currency translation	3,253 7,000 (81,249)	10,000 (2,716)
2.	Directors' remuneration The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services was		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Aggregate remuneration Value of company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	404,434 10,765	387,495 11,194
		£415,199	£398,689
	The number of directors who accrued retirement benefits was as follows		
		2011 No	2010 No
	Money purchase schemes	2	_2

Notes to the Financial Statements

3.	Taxation on ordinary activities Analysis of charge in the year Current tax In respect of the year		20 £	111 £	2010 £
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for 26% (2010 - 28%) Total current tax Deferred tax	r the year at		94,895 94,895	67,326 67,326
	Origination and reversal of timing differences Capital allowances Other Total deferred tax (note 6) Tax on profit on ordinary activities	s (note 6)	(10,800) 12,200	1,400 £96,295	24,300 (27,900) (3,600) £63,726
4.	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Computer and office equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 January 2011 Additions Disposals At 31 December 2011	735,572 122,191 — 857,763	152,026 36,670 (34,205) 154,491	134,593 26,623 (4,121) 157,095	1,022,191 185,484 (38,326) 1,169,349
	Depreciation At 1 January 2011 Charge for the year On disposals At 31 December 2011	533,738 70,779 ———————————————————————————————————	99,158 20,283 (27,152) 92,289	115,937 17,302 (4,122) 129,117	748,833 108,364 (31,274) 825,923
	Net book value At 31 December 2011 At 31 December 2010	£253,246 £201,834	£62,202 £52,868	£27,978 £18,656	£343,426 £273,358

Notes to the Financial Statements

5	Debtors		
J		2011 £	2010 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings VAT recoverable	228,521 1,056,092 39,618	349,095 1,580,192 -
	Other debtors Deferred taxation (note 6)	82,417 2,200	75,475 3,600
		£1,408,848	£2,008,362
6.	Deferred taxation The deferred tax included in the Balance Sheet is as follows		
	The deferred tax included in the Balance Sheet is as follows	2011 £	2010 £
	Included in debtors (note 5)	2,200	3,600
	The movement in the deferred taxation account during the year was		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Balance brought forward Profit and loss account movement arising during the year	3,600 (1,400)	3,600
	Balance carried forward	£2,200	£3,600
	The balance of the deferred taxation account consists of the tax effect of time	ing differences	in respect of
		2011 £	2010 £
	Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed assets Other timing differences	(13,500) 15,700	(24,300) 27,900
		£2,200	£3,600

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
••	Oreditors, amounts failing due within one year	2011 £	2010 £
	Bank overdrafts	_	35,086
	Trade creditors	487,465	361,295
	Corporation tax	98,495	67,326
	Other taxation	76,203	45,978
	Other creditors	78,399	88,233
		£740,562	£597,918

8. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2011 the company had aggregate annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

2011 £	2010 £
~	L
88,688	43,500
75,000	75,000
£163,688	£118,500
	£ 88,688 75,000

9. Transactions with the directors

During the year to 31 December 2011 the company paid £75,000 (2010 £75,000) in rent to directors for the premises occupied by the company

10. Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

11 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

•	2011		2010	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,324	5,324	5,324	5,324

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2011

12.	Profit and loss account			
		2011	2010	
		£	£	
	Balance brought forward	3,026,592	2,802,984	
	Profit for the financial year	216,855	223,608	
	Balance carried forward	£3,243,447	£3,026,592	

13. Ultimate parent company

The directors consider that the immediate and ultimate parent company is Securon Manufacturing Limited

14. Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party during this year and the preceding year is Mr R A Proctor, by virtue of his shareholding in Securon Manufacturing Limited, the parent company