# Grant Thornton **3**

REGISTERED

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SAVOURY FOODS LIMITED

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 DECEMBER 2000

# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# For the year ended 31 December 2000

Company registration number:

NI 4630

Registered office:

Flush Park Knockmore Road

Lisburn

County Antrim BT28 2DX

Directors:

Mr A T Robinson O.B.E.

Mr B P Parkes Mr Tim Robinson Mrs B J Monson Mrs L C McCarthy Mr S D Pyper

Secretary:

Mr S D Pyper

Bankers:

Northern Bank Limited

Solicitors:

Tughan & Co. Marlborough House 30 Victoria Street

Belfast BT1 3GS

Auditors:

Grant Thornton Registered auditors

Chartered accountants

Water's Edge Clarendon Dock

Belfast BT1 3 BH

# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

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#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report together with financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2000.

### Principal activities

The company is principally engaged in the distribution of potato crisps, snack foods and confectionery.

There were no significant changes in the activities of the company during the year.

#### Directors

Mr Tim Robinson and Mrs L C McCarthy retire by rotation and being eligible offer themselves for re-election.

The interests of the directors and their families in the shares of the company as at 31 December 2000 and 1 January 2000, or the date of their appointment to the Board if later, were as follows:

	Ordinary shares of £1 each	
	<b>31 December</b> 1 Jan	
	2000	2000
Mr A T Robinson O.B.E.	-	-
Mr B P Parkes	4,960	4,960
Mr Tim Robinson	110,000	110,000
Mrs B J Monson	57,000	57,000
Mrs L C McCarthy	57,000	57,000
Mr S D Pyper	2,000	2,000

### Directors' responsibilities for the financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### **Auditors**

Osborne Cooke and Company, now practising as Grant Thornton, offer themselves for reappointment as auditors in accordance with article 392 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986.

# Small company exemption

In preparing this directors' report, advantage has been taken of the special exemptions applicable to small companies.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Mr S D Pyper Secretary

1 June 2001

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# REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO SAVOURY FOODS LIMITED UNDER

# PARAGRAPH 24 OF SCHEDULE 8 TO THE COMPANIES (NORTHERN IRELAND) ORDER 1986

We have examined the abbreviated accounts on pages 4 to 16 together with the full financial statements of Savoury Foods Limited prepared under article 234 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 for the year ended 31 December 2000.

# Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Article 254 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver to the Registrar of Companies abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with articles 254(5) and (6) of the Order and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

### Basis of opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the audited financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared from those financial statements. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report does not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the full financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with articles 254(5) and (6) of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 4 to 16 have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

GRANT THORNTON
REGISTERED AUDITORS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

BELFAST 1 June 2001

### PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of land and buildings.

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous year and are set out below.

#### **TURNOVER**

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied excluding VAT and trade discounts.

### TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost or valuation less capital grants and estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets other than land and investment properties over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are:

Freehold buildings
Plant and equipment

Motor vehicles: - vans

- cars

Fixtures and fittings

1% to 4 % reducing balance

10% straight line

25% reducing balance

25% straight line

10% to 33% straight line

#### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

Certain of the company's properties are held for long-term investment and are included in the balance sheet at their open market values. The surpluses or deficits on annual revaluation of such properties are transferred to the investment property revaluation reserve. Depreciation is not provided in respect of freehold investment properties. Leasehold investment properties are not amortised where the unexpired term is over twenty years.

This policy represents a departure from the statutory accounting principles, which require depreciation to be provided on all fixed assets. The directors consider that this policy is necessary in order that the financial statements may give a true and fair view, because current values and changes in current values are of prime importance rather than the calculation of systematic annual depreciation. Depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

#### INVESTMENTS

Investments are included at cost less amounts written off. Profits or losses arising from disposals of fixed asset investments are treated as part of the result from ordinary activities.

#### INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Purchased goodwill (Alexanders) is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful economic life of 10 years, and is based on the maximum amount referred to in the purchase agreement. Other purchased goodwill is amortised over 5 years.

#### **STOCKS**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is provided for using the tax rates estimated to arise when the timing differences reverse and is accounted for to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise. Unprovided deferred tax is disclosed as a contingent liability.

# PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION FUNDS

#### Defined benefit scheme

The pension costs charged against profits are based on actuarial methods and assumptions designed to spread the anticipated pension costs over the service lives of the employees in the scheme, so as to ensure that the regular pension cost represents a substantially level percentage of the current and expected future pensionable payroll. Variations from regular cost are spread over the average remaining service lives of current employees in the scheme.

#### LEASED ASSETS

All other leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### ABBREVIATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 December 2000

	Note	2000	19 <b>99</b>
	Note		
		£	£
Gross profit		900,748	754.507
Distribution costs		(510,990)	(488,381)
Administrative expenses		(455,267)	(446,069)
Operating loss		(65,509)	(179,943)
Exceptional items			
Profit on sale of fixed assets	2	5,600	1,250
Income from other fixed asset investments	3	115,625	129.036
Other interest receivable and similar income	4	14,012	11,120
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(14,946)	(14,606)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1	54,782	(53,143)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(12,110)	-
Profit transferred to reserves	14	42,672	(53,143)

All of the above figures relate to continuing activities.

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial year and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no material difference between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained loss for the year and their historical cost equivalents.

# ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Note	2000 £	1999 £
Fixed assets		•	~
Intangible assets	7	114,945	118.022
Tangible assets	8	1,900,307	1,909,996
Investments	9	5,495	9,495
		2,020,747	2,037,513
Current assets			
Stocks	10	341,630	289,865
Debtors	11	1,286,910	809,570
Cash at bank and in hand		236,653	139,002
		1,865,193	1,238,437
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(2,139,297)	(1,571,979)
Net current liabilities		(274,104)	(333.542)
Total assets less current liabilities		1,746,643	1,703,971
Called and reserves			
Called up share capital Revaluation reserve	13	246,880	246.880
Profit and loss account	14	344,407	324,512
1 tota and 1055 account	14	1,155,356	1,132,579
Shareholders' funds	19	1,746,643	1,703,971

In preparing these abbreviated accounts, we have relied on the exemptions for individual financial statements conferred by section A of Part I of Schedule 8 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of those exemptions as a medium sized company.

The abbreviated accounts were approved by the Board of Directors on 1 June 2001.

Mr A T Robinson O.B.E.

Director

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Note	2000 £	1999 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	16	236,404	(65,193)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
Interest received		14,012	11,120
Interest paid		(14,946)	(14,606)
Rents received		115,625	129,036
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing o	f		
finance		114,691	125,550
Taxation		(55)	(55)
Conital avacaditum and Spannist investment		• •	. ,
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of intangible fixed assets		(4.4.55)	
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(14,278)	(59,395)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		(40,940) 3,700	(52,548) 2,000
			2,000
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment			
mvestment		(51,518)	(109,943)
Acquisitions and disposals			
Purchase of investments		-	(5,495)
Sale of investments		6,600	•
Net cash inflow from acquisitions and disposals		6,600	(5,495)
Management of liquid resources			
Deposits		77,317	97,279
Net cash inflow from management of liquid resources		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
on and management of inquite resources		77,317	97,279
Financing			
Repayment of borrowings		(16,930)	25,719
Net cash outflow from financing		(16,930)	25,719
Increase in cash	17	366,509	67,862
			_,

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		
	The profit on ordinary activities is stated after:	2000 £	1999 £
	Depreciation and amortisation:		
	Goodwill Tangible fixed assets, owned Other operating lease rentals	17,355 49,929 19,874	16.250 56,511 14,293
2	EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS		
		2000 £	1999 <b>£</b>
	Profit on sale of fixed assets Profit on sale of fixed asset investments	3,000 2,600	1,250
	·	5,600	1,250
3	INCOME FROM OTHER FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS		
		2000 £	1999 £
	Rents from investment properties	115,625	129,036
4	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES / NET INTEREST		
		2000 £	1999 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts Other interest payable and similar charges	241 14,705	503 14,103
	Other interest receivable and similar income	14,946 (14,012)	14,606 (11,120)
		934	3,486

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# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
Staff costs during the year were as follows:	2000 £	1999 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	551,967 41,777 2,000	513,931 39,299 1,000
	595,744	554,230
The average number of employees of the company during the year were as follows:	2000 Number	1999 Number
Selling and distribution Administration	22 12	22 12
	34	34
Remuneration in respect of directors was as follows:	2000 £	19 <b>99</b> £
Emoluments	203,711	204,478
During the year 5 directors (1999: 5) participated in defined benefit pension schemes.		
The amounts set out above include remuneration in respect of the highest paid director a	as follows:	
	2000 £	1999 <b>£</b>
Emoluments and long-term incentive schemes	56,235	57,438
TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
The tax charge represents:	2000 £	1999 £
Corporation tax	12,110	-

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2000

# INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Purchased goodwill £
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2000 Additions	149,222
At 31 December 2000	14,278
Amortisation At 1 January 2000 Charge for the year	31,200 17,355
At 31 December 2000	48,555
Net book amount at 31 December 2000	114,945
Net book amount at 31 December 1999	118,022

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2000

# TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Investment property £	Freehold land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost or valuation		_	_	~	*	<b></b>
At 1 January 2000 Additions	1,194,126 7,581	629,697 3,019	67,586 9,651	229,540 5,920	70,219 14,769	2,191,168 40,940
Disposals	1,201,707	632,716	77,237	235,460 (30,826)	84,988	2,232,108 (30,826)
At 31 December 2000	1,201,707	632,716	77,237	204,634	84,988	2,201,282
Depreciation At 1 January 2000 Provided in the year	-	61,502 12,619	14,986 6,786	150,990 24,170	53,694 6,354	281.172 49,929
Eliminated on disposals	-	74,121	21,772	175,160 (30,126)	60,048	331,101 (30,126)
At 31 December 2000	-	74,121	21,772	145,034	60,048	300,975
Net book amount at 31 December 2000	1,201,707	558,595	55,465	59,600	24,940	1,900,307
Net book amount at 31 December 1999	1,194,126	568,195	52,600	78,550	16,525	1,909,996

The figures stated above at valuation have the following historical costs:

	Investme	ent property		reehold land and and buildings
	2000	1999	2000	1999
	ı	t	į.	£
At cost	1,135,311	1,127,730	609,745	606,726

Investment properties were valued at 31 December 2000 by the directors on an open market existing use basis.

Freehold land and buildings were valued by the directors on 31 December 1999 on an open market existing use basis. Under the transitional provisions of FRS 15 the existing book values at that date have been carried forward as the valuations for Freehold land and buildings. No further revaluations have been carried out.

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2000

If Investment property and Freehold land and buildings had not been revalued, they would have been included on the historical cost basis at the following amount:

	Investment property £	Freehold land and buildings £
Cost Accumulated depreciation	1,135,311 49,990	609,745 279,171
Net book amount at 31 December 2000	1,085,321	330,574
Net book amount at 31 December 1999	1,077,740	339,750

### FIXED ASSETS INVESTMENTS

Finished goods and goods for resale

		Other investments £
Cost At 1 January 2000 Disposals	-	9,495 (4,000)
Net book amount at 31 December 2000	=	5,495
Net book amount at 31 December 1999	=	9,495
Comprising: S B Chemicals Limited - 5,494 Loan Notes of £1 each £5,495		
STOCKS		
	2000 £	1999 £

289,865

341,630

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2000



# RESERVES

	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account
At 1 January 2000 Retained profit for the year Transfer from revaluation reserve to profit and loss account	324,512 - 19,895	1,132,579 42,672 (19,895)
At 31 December 2000	344,407	1,155,356



# **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

The company had no capital commitments at 31 December 2000 or 31 December 1999.

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# NET CASH INFLOW/OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2000	1999
	£	£
Operating loss	(65,509)	(179,943)
Depreciation	67,284	72,761
Increase in stocks	(51,765)	(50.100)
Increase in debtors	(477,395)	(131,451)
Increase in creditors	763,789	223,540
Net cash inflow from continuing operating activities	236,404	(65,193)



# RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS

	2000	1999
	£	£
Increase in cash in the year	366,509	67,862
Cash outflow from financing in the year	16,930	(25,719)
Cash inflow from decrease in liquid resources	(77,317)	(97,279)
Change in net debt resulting from cashflows	306,122	(55,136)
Movement in net debt in the year	306,122	(55,136)
Net debt at 1 January 2000	(173,286)	(118,150)
Net funds at 31 December 2000	132,836	(173,286)

### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2000

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### **ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS**

	At 1 January	Cook flow	At 31
	2000 £	Cash flow £	December 200 <b>£</b>
Cash in hand and at bank	283	174,968	175,251
Overdrafts	(191,541)	191,541	-
Debt	(120,747)	16,930	(103,817)
Current asset investments	138,719	(77,317)	61,402
	(173,286)	306,122	132,836



#### RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2000 £	1999 £
Profit for the financial year	42,672	(53,143)
Net increase in shareholders' funds Shareholders' funds at 1 January 2000	42,672 1,703,971	(53,143) 1,757,114
Shareholders' funds at 31 December 2000	1,746,643	1,703,971

### 20 RELATED PARTIES

The amounts due to and from related parties as at 31 December 2000 are disclosed in the notes to the accounts as amounts owed by and due to related undertakings and directors' current accounts.



#### PENSIONS

### Defined Benefit Scheme

The company operates a defined benefit pension scheme for the benefit of the employees. The assets of the scheme are administered by trustees in a fund independent from those of the company.

The market value of scheme assets as at 31 August 1997 was £1,354,000. The actuarial value of those assets was sufficient to cover 158% of the benefits that had accrued to members, after allowing for expected future increases in earnings.

The surplus should be eliminated by 31 August 2001 by a contributions holiday, after which the employer's contribution rate of 14% of pensionable earnings, amortised over the remaining lifetime of the active membership, will recommence.

Ordinary shares of £1 each

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2000

P	DEBTORS		
		2000	1999
		£	£
	Trade debtors	945,950	586,727
	Other debtors	8,445	4,438
	Loans to directors	3,500	-
	Taxation recoverable	· •	55
	Prepayments and accrued income	329,015	218,350
		1,286,910	809,570
•	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2000	1999
		£	£
	Dedd		
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors	-	191,541
		1,078,788	312,680
	Amounts owed to related undertakings  Corporation tax	598,212	598,212
	Social security and other taxes	12,000	-
	Other creditors	50,020	60,739
	Loans from directors	182,190	198,086
	Accruals and deferred income	103,817	120,747
		114,270	89,974
		2,139,297	1,571,979
13	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2000	1999
		£	£
	Authorised		
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	250,000	250,000
	All made a National Control		
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		

246,880

246,880